according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

### **PT01**

Revision date: 28.11.2017 Product code: Page 1 of 11

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

PT01

#### Further trade names

PT06

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

# Use of the substance/mixture

Cyanoacrylate containing adhesive.

## Uses advised against

Any non-intended use.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Hepf GmbH Street: Dorf 69

Place: A-6342 Niederndorf
Telephone: +43 5373 570033
e-mail: info@hepf.at
Contact person: Stefan Thaler

e-mail: Stefan.Thaler@hepf.at

Internet: www.hepf.at

Chemieberatung GmbH Tel.: +49 (0)251/924520-60

Raesfeldstr. 22 www.tge-consult.de

D-48149 Münster

**1.4. Emergency telephone** Vergiftungsinformationszentrale (VIZ) Wien: +43 (0) 1 406 43 43

number:

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Hazard categories:

Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin Irrit. 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Eye Irrit. 2

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: STOT SE 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment: Aquatic Chronic 3

Hazard Statements: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 2.2. Label elements

# Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

# Hazard components for labelling

ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate

Signal word: Warning

Pictograms:



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

### **PT01**

Revision date: 28.11.2017 Product code: Page 2 of 11

### **Hazard statements**

H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary statements**

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to local/regional/national/international regulations.

### Special labelling of certain mixtures

EUH202 Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of

children.

EUH208 Contains 1,4-dihydroxybenzene; hydroquinone; quinol. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 2.3. Other hazards

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.2. Mixtures

### **Hazardous components**

CAS No	Chemical name					
	EC No	Index No	REACH No			
	Classification according to Regu	lation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]				
7085-85-0	ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate			60-100 %		
	230-391-5	607-236-00-9				
	Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3, Skin Irri	Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3, Skin Irrit. 2; H319 H335 H315				
123-31-9	1,4-dihydroxybenzene; hydroquinone; quinol			<1 %		
	204-617-8	604-005-00-4				
	Carc. 2, Muta. 2, Acute Tox. 4, Eye Dam. 1, Skin Sens. 1B, Aquatic Acute 1 (M-Factor = 10), Aquatic Chronic 1 (M-Factor = 1); H351 H341 H302 H318 H317 H400 H410					

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

### **Further Information**

Product does not contain listed SVHC substances > 0,1 % according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Article 59 (REACH).

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

### General information

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

## After inhalation

In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician.

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

### **PT01**

Revision date: 28.11.2017 Product code: Page 3 of 11

#### After contact with skin

Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. If bonded, immerse bonded areas in warm, soapy water for several minutes. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of skin irritation, seek medical treatment.

### After contact with eyes

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Get medical attention if irritation or bonding occurs.

## After ingestion

Flush lips with warm water to release lips if bonded. Ingestion is unlikely, though the product may stick in the mouth. Over a period of 1-2 days, the product will be loosened by saliva. Avoid swallowing the product. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Cyanacrylate! Danger! Skin and eyelids will stick together in seconds. This product contains hydroquinone which is suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

### Suitable extinguishing media

Dry extinguishing powder. Water.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Contact with water will cause the product to polymerize and become solid.

Can be released in case of fire: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrocyanic acid (hydrocyanic acid).

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

### Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove persons to safety. Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area.

Do not breathe gas/vapour/aerosol. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

Wear personal protection equipment. (See section 8.)

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Disposal: see section 13

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

### **PT01**

Revision date: 28.11.2017 Product code: Page 4 of 11

### Advice on safe handling

Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations.

Do not breathe gas/vapour/aerosol. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

Wear suitable protective clothing. (See section 8.)

### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Usual measures for fire prevention.

### Further information on handling

General protection and hygiene measures: refer to chapter 8

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Protect against direct sunlight.

Ensure adequate ventilation of the storage area.

Make sure spills can be contained (e.g. sump pallets or kerbed areas).

### Advice on storage compatibility

Do not store together with: Explosives. Oxidizing solids. Oxidizing liquids. Radioactive substances. Infectious substances. Food and animal feedingstuff.

### Further information on storage conditions

Keep the packing dry and well sealed to prevent contamination and absorbtion of humidity.

Recommended storage temperature: 5-10°C

Protect against: Light. UV-radiation/sunlight. heat. moisture.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

refer to chapter 1.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

### **Exposure limits (EH40)**

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
7085-85-0	Ethyl cyanoacrylate	-	-		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		0.3	1.5		STEL (15 min)	WEL
123-31-9	Hydroquinone	-	0.5		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		-	-		STEL (15 min)	WEL

### 8.2. Exposure controls







### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation.

## Protective and hygiene measures

Always close containers tightly after the removal of product. When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

### Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses; chemical goggles (if splashing is possible). DIN EN 166

### Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves.

Suitable material:

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

### **PT01**

Revision date: 28.11.2017 Product code: Page 5 of 11

FKM (fluororubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,4 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

Butyl rubber. - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

CR (polychloroprenes, Chloroprene rubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

NBR (Nitrile rubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,35 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

PVC (Polyvinyl chloride). - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard

EN 374 derived from it.

Check leak tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

### Skin protection

Suitable protective clothing: Lab apron.

Minimum standard for preventive measures while handling with working materials are specified in the TRGS 500 (D).

### Respiratory protection

With correct and proper use, and under normal conditions, breathing protection is not required.

Respiratory protection necessary at:

-exceeding exposure limit values

-insufficient ventilation and aerosol or mist formation

Suitable respiratory protective equipment: particulates filter device (DIN EN 143). Type: P1-3

The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. Observe the wear time limits according GefStoffV in combination with the rules for using respiratory protection apparatus (BGR 190).

### **Environmental exposure controls**

No special precautionary measures are necessary.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: liquid
Colour: colourless
Odour: characteristic

pH-Value: not determined

Changes in the physical state

Melting point:

Initial boiling point and boiling range:

Sublimation point:

Softening point:

Pour point:

Flash point:

Sustaining combustion:

Not sustaining combustion

**Explosive properties** 

none

Lower explosion limits: not determined Upper explosion limits: not determined Ignition temperature: not determined

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

PT01

Revision date: 28.11.2017 Product code: Page 6 of 11

Auto-ignition temperature

Gas: not determined

Decomposition temperature: not determined

**Oxidizing properties** 

none

Vapour pressure: not determined

Density: 1,07 g/cm³

Water solubility: not determined

Solubility in other solvents

not determined

Partition coefficient: not determined Viscosity / dynamic: not determined Viscosity / kinematic: not determined Flow time: not determined Vapour density: not determined Evaporation rate: not determined Solvent separation test: not determined not determined Solvent content:

9.2. Other information

Solid content: not determined

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

Rapid exothermic polymerization will occur in presence of incompatible materials.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will occur on contact with water, amines, alkalis and alcohols. The polymerization is an exothermic reaction and may cause thermal burns.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect against: UV-radiation/sunlight. heat. Store in a dry place. Do not store at temperatures over: 80°C

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents, strong. Reducing agents, strong. Water. Alcohol. amines. Alkalis (alkalis).

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Can be released in case of fire: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrocyanic acid (hydrocyanic acid).

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

## Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

No data available.

### **Acute toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CAS No	Chemical name				
	Exposure route	Dose	Species	Source	Method

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

	PT01	
Revision date: 28.11.2017	Product code:	Page 7 of 11

7085-85-0	ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	>5000	Rat	ECHA Dossier	
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	>2000	Rabbit	ECHA Dossier	
400.04.0	1,4-dihydroxybenzene; hydroquinone; quinol					
123-31-9	1,4-dihydroxybenzene; hy	droquinone;	quinol			
123-31-9		droquinone; LD50 mg/kg	367,3	Rat.	ECHA Dossier	

### Irritation and corrosivity

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

## Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate:

In-vitro mutagenicity: Method: OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test); OECD Guideline 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test); Result: negative.; Literature information: ECHA Dossier

### STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. (ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate)

### STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific effects in experiment on an animal

No data available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h]   [d]	Species	Source	Method
123-31-9	1,4-dihydroxybenzene; hy	droquinone	e; quinol				
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	0,638	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	ECHA Dossier	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	0,134	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier	
	Fish toxicity	NOEC mg/l	0,054		Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier	

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

CAS No	Chemical name				
	Method	Value	d	Source	
	Evaluation			-	
123-31-9	1,4-dihydroxybenzene; hydroquinone; quinol				
	OECD 301C / ISO 9408 / EEC 92/69 annex V, C.4-F	70%	14	ECHA Dossier	
	Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).	•	-		

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

	PT01	
Revision date: 28.11.2017	Product code:	Page 8 of 11

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

#### Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
7085-85-0	ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	0,78

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

#### **Further information**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

### Advice on disposal

Observe in addition any national regulations! Consult the local waste disposal expert about waste disposal. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

According to EAKV, allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out in a specific way for every industry and process.

Control report for waste code/ waste marking according to EAKV:

## Waste disposal number of waste from residues/unused products

WASTES FROM THE MANUFACTURE, FORMULATION, SUPPLY AND USE (MFSU) OF 080409

> COATINGS (PAINTS, VARNISHES AND VITREOUS ENAMELS), ADHESIVES, SEALANTS AND PRINTING INKS; wastes from MFSU of adhesives and sealants (including waterproofing products); waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances;

hazardous waste

### Waste disposal number of used product

080409 WASTES FROM THE MANUFACTURE, FORMULATION, SUPPLY AND USE (MFSU) OF

> COATINGS (PAINTS, VARNISHES AND VITREOUS ENAMELS), ADHESIVES, SEALANTS AND PRINTING INKS; wastes from MFSU of adhesives and sealants (including waterproofing products); waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances;

hazardous waste

## Waste disposal number of contaminated packaging

150110 WASTE PACKAGING: ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste); packaging containing residues of or contaminated by

hazardous substances; hazardous waste

# Contaminated packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number: No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation. No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation. 14.2. UN proper shipping name: 14.3. Transport hazard class(es): No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation. No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation. 14.4. Packing group:

## Inland waterways transport (ADN)

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

	PT01	
Revision date: 28.11.2017	Product code:	Page 9 of 11

14.1. UN number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.2. UN proper shipping name:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.3. Transport hazard class(es):No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.14.4. Packing group:No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: no

14.6. Special precautions for user

refer to chapter 6-8

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

not relevant

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## **EU regulatory information**

2010/75/EU (VOC): No information available. 2004/42/EC (VOC): No information available.

Information according to 2012/18/EU

(SEVESO III):

Not subject to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III)

### **Additional information**

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

REACH 1907/2006 Appendix XVII, No (mixture): 3

## National regulatory information

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juvenils according to the 'juvenile

work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

Water contaminating class (D): 3 - highly water contaminating

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Changes

Rev. 1.0; Initial release: 28.11.2017

# Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service DNEL: Derived No Effect Level

IARC: INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

### **PT01**

Revision date: 28.11.2017 Product code: Page 10 of 11

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

GefStoffV: Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany)

LOAEL: Lowest observed adverse effect level

LOAEC: Lowest observed adverse effect concentration

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level NOAEC: No observed adverse effect level

NTP: National Toxicology Program

N/A: not applicable

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PNEC: predicted no effect concentration PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative toxic

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de

fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail )

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SVHC: substance of very high concern TRGS Technische Regeln fuerGefahrstoffe TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds

VwVwS: Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefaehrdender Stoffe

WGK: Wassergefaehrdungsklasse

# Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Skin Irrit. 2; H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2; H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3; H335	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	Calculation method

### Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H302	Harmful if Swallowed.						
H315	Causes skin irritation.						
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.						
H318	Causes serious eye damage.						
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.						
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.						
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.						
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.						
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.						
11440	A						

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH202 Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of

children.

EUH208 Contains 1,4-dihydroxybenzene; hydroquinone; quinol. May produce an allergic reaction.

### **Further Information**

Classification according EC regulation 1272/2008 (CLP): - Classification procedure:

Health hazards: Calculation method. Environmental hazards: Calculation method.

Physical hazards: On basis of test data and / or calculated and / or estimated.

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

## **PT01**

Revision date: 28.11.2017 Product code: Page 11 of 11

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)